English Language Intensive Programme

# READING, UNDERSTANDING AND RESPONDING

12. can read, understand and respond to simple sentences in familiar contexts

# **Grammar Scope**

Nouns:

Proper nouns e.g. Tuesday, Yeng, Fairfield Common nouns e.g. sides, triangle, sister, boy

Prepositions:

Of place in, on etc., in Newtown
Of accompaniment with etc., e.g. with my family

Articles:

Definite the, e.g. the first day Indefinite a, an, e.g. a triangle

Omission of article

before most proper nouns,

Pronouns:

Subject I, you, we, it etc., e.g. I come from Thailand. Possessive I, my, our, its etc., e.g. I live with my family

Conjunctions and connectives:

Additive and, also, as well as etc., e.g. I have black

hair and brown eyes.

**Adjectives:** e.g. one, cool, cloudy, black, brown

**Demonstratives:** this, that, these, those, e.g. This is a triangle.

**Question formation:** 

'wh' e.g. What day is it? Where do you

come from?

Subject reversal (inversion) e.g. Is it cold today?

'do' support

when no auxiliary e.g. Does your family live in Hamilton?

Short answer forms: e.g. Yes, it is. No, it isn't. Yes, it has.

No, it hasn't.

Verbs:

Present tense verbs e.g. am, have, speak, live, go

Simple contractions what's, where's, it's, she's etc., e.g. It's a cool

and cloudy day.

**Punctuation:** e.g. question marks, upper/lower case,

full stops

# **Text Structure and Language Features**

### Text Structure - simple declarative sentences

## **EXAMPLE 1**

This is a triangle. It has three sides and three angles.

### **EXAMPLE 2**

Today is Tuesday 1<sup>st</sup> March. It is the first day of autumn. It's a cool and cloudy day.

#### **EXAMPLE 3**

My name is Yeng. I come from Thailand. I have one sister. Her name is Por-Ye. I live with my family in Newtown. I go to Wellington High School.

#### **EXAMPLE 4**

I am a boy. I have black hair and brown eyes. I am 14 years old. I speak Chinese. I live in Fairfield. I like computer games. Who am I?

# **Language Features**

Use of very basic sentence patterns e.g. subject/ verb/object; subject/verb/adverbial phrase or adjectival phrase

Use of linking verbs, e.g. is, are, have

Use of action verbs, e.g. go, speak

Use of personal pronouns, e.g. I, her, it, my

Use of common adjectives, e.g. cool, cloudy, one, first, brown

Use of nouns to identify places, people, things, e.g. Thailand, Por-Ye, triangle

Use of familiar vocabulary

Use of present tense, e.g. like, go, live