5.26 Noun, adjective, verb or adverb?

Topic: Weather **Subtopic:** Water

Activity type/skill: Identifying parts of speech

Literacy focus: Vocabulary

Objective

• Become familiar with different forms of target vocabulary.

What you need

• Student worksheet (see next page)

What to do

- 1. Look at the first page of the student worksheet. The chart lists different forms of 12 words from the word list. The form that appears in the word list is bold.
- 2. Have students repeat the words after you and then fill in the spaces on the second page of the student worksheet. Warn them to watch for past tense verb forms (continued) and comparative forms of adjectives (louder).
- 3. When they have completed this, have them check their work with you or a partner, then read the sentences aloud. Start by having them repeat the sentences after you, then have them read aloud again. Explain that the purpose of this is to start to recognise when words 'sound right' and that this is a good test for them to use in their own written work.

Answers:

continued	continuously	
covered	cover	
damage	damaged	damaged
explode	explosion	
fierce	fiercely	
flood	flood	flooded
freeze	frozen	freezing
louder	louder	loudly

noun	adjective	verb	adverb
_	continuous	continue	continuously
cover	covered	cover	_
damage	damaged	damage	_
electricity	electric	_	_
explosion	-	explode	_
_	fierce	_	fiercely
flood	flooded	flood	_
_	frozen freezing	freeze	_
liquid	liquid	-	-
-	loud	_	loudly
noise	noisy	-	noisily
storm	stormy	_	_

continue	The rain started at 9pm and $_{\frac{1}{verb}}$ through the night.
	It rained from 9pm until 7am.
cover	Most mornings, the ground is with dew.
	In winter, the mountains have a of snow.
damage	In 1988, Cyclone Bola caused a lot of on the East Coast of the North Island.
	The cyclone buildings, forests and farms.
	Some of the buildings could no longer be used.
explode	Air in storm clouds can when it becomes hot.
	An usually makes a very loud noise.
fierce	A typhoon is a storm.
	Winds blow adverb _ around the centre of a typhoon.
flood	Heavy rain caused the river to verb
	The covered roads and water came into houses.
	The ground took weeks to dry out.
freeze	When raindrops they form hailstones.
	Hailstones are rain.
	It was outside, so we decided to stay inside.
loud	The thunder grew and as the storm came closer.
	The siren sounded to warn of the emergency.